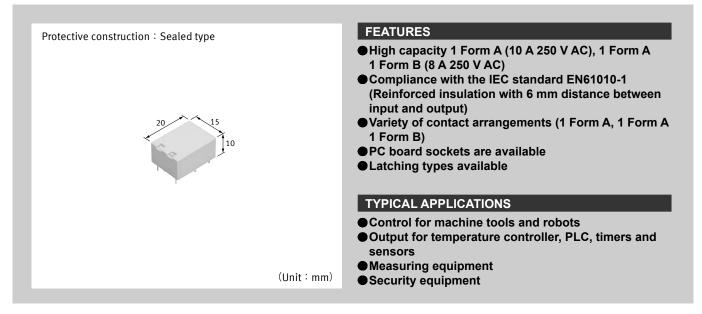
# Panasonic Industry

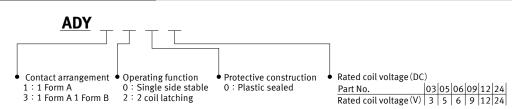
#### Power Relays (Over 2 A)

# **DY** RELAYS

# 1 Form A 10 A, 1 Form A 1 Form B 8 A, Small polarized power relays



#### ORDERING INFORMATION (PART NO.)



#### TYPES

Contact arrangement	Dated soil voltage	Part	Standard	Standard packing	
Contact arrangement	Rated coil voltage	Single side stable	2 coil latching	Inner carton	Outer carton
	3 V DC	ADY10003	ADY12003		
	5 V DC	ADY10005	ADY12005		
1 Form A	6 V DC	ADY10006	ADY12006		
I Form A	9 V DC	ADY10009	ADY12009		
	12 V DC	ADY10012	ADY12012		500
	24 V DC	ADY10024	ADY12024	50 200	
1 Form A 1 Form B	3 V DC	ADY30003	ADY32003	— 50 pcs.	500 pcs.
	5 V DC	ADY30005	ADY32005		
	6 V DC	ADY30006	ADY32006		
	9 V DC	ADY30009	ADY32009		
	12 V DC	ADY30012	ADY32012		
-	24 V DC	ADY30024	ADY32024		

For the sockets, please refer to the "PC board sockets".

-1-

#### RATING

#### Coil data

- Operating characteristics such as 'Operate voltage' and 'Release voltage' are influenced by mounting conditions, ambient temperature, etc.
- Therefore, please use the relay within ±5% of rated coil voltage.
- 'Initial' means the condition of products at the time of delivery.
- Single side stable

Rated coil voltage	Operate voltage* (at 20°C)	Release voltage* (at 20°C)	Rated operating current (±10%, at 20°C)	Coil resistance (±10%, at 20°C)	Rated operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C)
3 V DC			66.6 mA	45 Ω		
5 V DC			40 mA	125 Ω		
6 V DC	Max. 70% V of		-	33.3 mA	180 Ω	200 mW
9 V DC	rated coil voltage (Initial)	rated coil voltage (Initial)	22.2 mA	405 Ω	200 mvv	rated coil voltage
12 V DC		16.6 mA	720 Ω			
24 V DC			8.3 mA	2,880 Ω		

\*square, pulse drive

#### 2 coil latching

Rated coil voltage	Set voltage* (at 20°C)	Reset voltage* (at 20°C)	cur	perating rent at 20°C)		sistance at 20°C)	Rated oper	ating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C)
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	(at 20 0)
3 V DC	rated coil voltage rated of		66.6 mA	66.6 mA	45 Ω	45 Ω			
5 V DC		Max. 70% V of	40 mA	40 mA	125 Ω	125 Ω			
6 V DC				33.3 mA	33.3 mA	180 Ω	180 Ω	200 mW	200 mW
9 V DC		rated coil voltage (Initial)	22.2 mA	22.2 mA	405 Ω	405 Ω	200 11100	200 11100	rated coil voltage
12 V DC			16.6 mA	16.6 mA	720 Ω	720 Ω			
24 V DC			8.3 mA	8.3 mA	2,880 Ω	2,880 Ω			

\*square, pulse drive

#### Specifications

Item		Specifications				
	Contact arrangement	1 Form A	1 Form A 1 Form B			
Contact resistance (initial) Contact material		Max. 30 m $\Omega$ (by voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)				
		Au-flashed AgSnO <sub>2</sub> type				
Contact rating (r	Contact rating (resistive)	10 A 250 V AC, 10 A 30 V DC	8 A 250 V AC, 8 A 30 V DC			
Contact data	Contact data Max. switching power (resistive)	2,500 VA, 300 W	2,000 VA, 240 W			
	Max. switching voltage	250 V AC, 125 V DC (0.2 A)				
	Max. switching current	10 A	8 A			
	Min. switching load (reference value) *1	10 mA 5 V DC				
Insulation resist	ance (initial)	Min. 1,000 MΩ (at 500 V DC, Measu	red portion is the same as the case of dielectric strength.)			
	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection curr	ent: 10 mA)			
Dielectric strength	Between contact sets	-	4,000 Vrms for 1 min			
(initial)	Between contact and coil	and coil 4,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection current: 10 mA)				
Surge withstand voltage (initial) *2	Between contact and coil	10,000 V				
Time	Operate (Set) time	Max. 10 ms (Max. 10 ms) at rated co	pil voltage (at 20°C, without bounce)			
characteristics (initial) Release (Reset) time		Max. 8 ms (Max. 10 ms) at rated coi	l voltage (at 20°C, without bounce, without diode)			
Shock	Functional	98 m/s² (half-sine shock pulse: 11 m	98 m/s² (half-sine shock pulse: 11 ms, detection time: 10 μs)			
resistance	Destructive	980 m/s <sup>2</sup> (half-sine shock pulse: 6 m	s)			
Vibration	Functional	10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of	1.5 mm) (detection time: 10 μs)			
resistance	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of	3 mm)			
Expected switching life	Mechanical	Min. 50 x 10 <sup>6</sup> (switching frequency: 3	300 times/min)			
Use condition	Conditions for usage, transport and storage*3	Ambient temperature: -40 to +70°C	Humidity: 5 to 85% RH (Avoid icing and condensation)			
Unit weight		Approx. 6 g				

\*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditi
\*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50 µs according to JEC-212-1981
\*3. For ambient temperature, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE".

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#### Expected electrical life

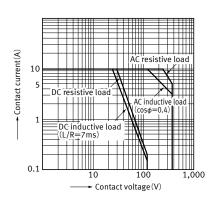
Conditions: Resistive load, Switching frequency 20 times/min

Туре	Switching capacity	Number of operations
1 Form A	10 A 250 V AC	Min. 100 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
	10 A 30 V DC	Min. 100 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
1 Form A 1 Form B	8 A 250 V AC	Min. 100 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
	8 A 30 V DC	Min. 100 x 10 <sup>3</sup>

#### **REFERENCE DATA**

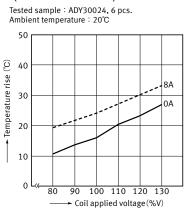
#### 1-1.Max. switching capacity (1 Form A)

Tested sample : ADY10024



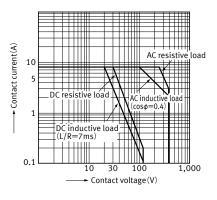
2-2.Coil temperature characteristics

#### (1 Form A 1 Form B)

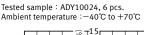


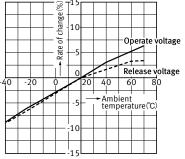
#### 1-2.Max. switching capacity (1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample : ADY30024

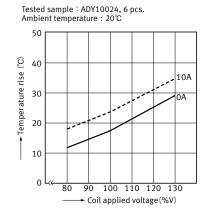


3-1.Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A)



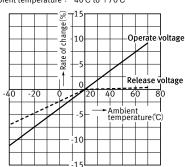


## 2-1.Coil temperature characteristics (1 Form A)



#### 3-2.Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample : ADY30024, 6 pcs. Ambient temperature :-40°C to +70°C



#### DIMENSIONS

CAD The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

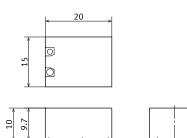
Unit: mm

#### ■1 Form A

•Single side stable





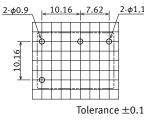


10.16 7.62 1.11

0.8

External dimensions

Recommended PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW)



#### Schematic (BOTTOM VIEW) (De-energize)



Note: Since this is a polarized relay, the connection to the coil should be done according to the above schematic.

0.4

0.8

3.5

0.4

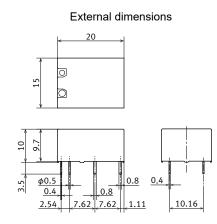
10.16

General tolerance  $\pm 0.3$ 

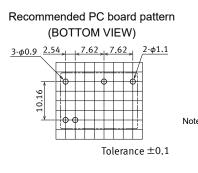
### Power Relays (Over 2 A) DY RELAYS

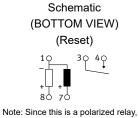
#### 2 coil latching





General tolerance  $\pm 0.3$ 

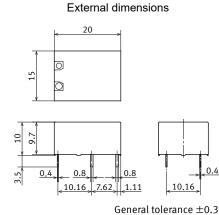




e: Since this is a polarized relay, the connection to the coil should be done according to the above schematic.

- ■1 Form A 1 Form B
- Single side stable





(BOTTOM VIEW)	
<u>2-φ0.9</u>  < <u>10.16</u>  < <u>7.62</u>   <u>4-φ1.1</u>	
Tolerance ±0.1	

Recommended PC board pattern

# (BOTTOM VIEW) (De-energize)

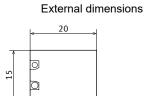
Schematic

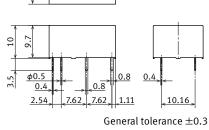


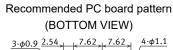
Note: Since this is a polarized relay, the connection to the coil should be done according to the above schematic.

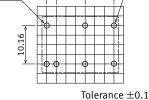
2 coil latching

CAD









#### Schematic (BOTTOM VIEW) (Reset)



Note: Since this is a polarized relay, the connection to the coil should be done according to the above schematic.

#### SAFETY STANDARDS

Each standard may be updated at any time, so please check our Website for the latest information.

#### UL (Approved)

1 Form A
----------

File No.	Contact rating
	10 A 250 V AC
E43028	⅓ HP 125, 250 V AC
	10A 30V DC

#### 1 Form A 1 Form B

File No.	Contact rating	
	8A 250V AC	
E43028	¼ HP 125, 250 V AC	
	8 A 30 V DC	

#### CSA (Approved)

1 F	Form /	4
-----	--------	---

File No.	Contact rating
	10 A 250 V AC
LR26550	¼ HP 125, 250 V AC
	10 A 30 V DC

#### 1 Form A 1 Form B

File No.	Contact rating
	8 A 250 V AC
LR26550	¼ HP 125, 250 V AC
	8 A 30 V DC

#### **GUIDELINES FOR USAGE**

■ For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE". https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions\_use/index.jsp

#### Cautions for usage of DY relays

#### External magnetic field

Since DY relays are highly sensitive polarized relays, their characteristics will be affected by a strong external magnetic field. Avoid using the relay under that condition.

#### Set and reset pulse time

Regarding the set and reset pulse time of the latching type, for the purpose of reliable operation under ambient temperature fluctuations and different operating conditions, we recommend setting the coil applied set and reset pulse time to 50 ms or more at the rated coil voltage.

#### Soldering conditions

Please obey the following conditions

- 1) Automatic soldering
- (1) Preheating

	Temperature	Within 120°C (terminal portion)			
Time		Within 120 seconds			
(2) Soldering iron					
	Soldering temperature	260±5°C			
	Soldering time	Within 6 seconds			

#### TÜV (Approved)

#### 1 Form A

File No.	Contact rating	
B1803 13461 366	10 A 250 V AC (cosφ = 1.0)	
D1003 13401 300	10 A 30 V DC (0 ms)	

#### 1 Form A 1 Form B

File No.	Contact rating		
B1803 13461 366	8 A 250 V AC (cosφ = 1.0)		
	8 A 30 V DC (0 ms)		

#### When using, please be aware that the N.O. and N.C. sides of 1 Form A 1 Form B type may go on simultaneously at operate time and release time.

#### 2) Hand soldering

#### (1) Preheating

′.	5			
	Soldering temperature	Within 350°C		
	Soldering time	Within 3 seconds		

Note: The type of PC board will affect the relay; therefore, please confirm operation with the actual PC board to be used.

— 5 —

### PC board sockets



#### SELECTOR CHART

Socket		1 Form A		1 Form A 1 Form B		
Relay type		Single side stable	2 coil latching	Single side stable	2 coil latching	
1 Form A	Single side stable	•	•	-	-	
I FOIITA	2 coil latching	-	•	-	-	
1 Form A	Single side stable	-	-	•	•	
1 Form B	2 coil latching	-	-	-	•	

#### TYPES

#### Carton packing

Contact arrangement	Single side stable		2 coil latching		Standard packing	
Contact arrangement	Type No.	Part No.	Type No.	Part No.	Inner carton	Outer carton
1 Form A	DK1a-PS	AW3810	DK1a-PSL2	AW3810	50 pcs.	500 pcs.
1 Form A 1 Form B	DK2a-PS	AW3820	DK2a-PSL2	AW3820		

#### RATING

Item	Specifications		
Contact arrangement	1 Form A	1 Form A 1 Form B	
Dielectric strength (initial)	Each between terminals: 4,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection (Except for the portion between coil terminals)	n current:10 mA)	
Insulation resistance (initial)	Each between terminals: Min. 1,000 M $\Omega$ (at 500 V DC, Measured portion is the same as the case of dielectric strength.)		
Maximum carrying current	10 A	8 A	
Conditions	Ambient temperature: -40 to +65°C Humidity:5 to 85% RH (Avoid icing and condensation)		

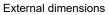
#### DIMENSIONS

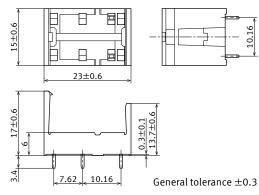
CAD The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

Unit: mm

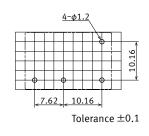
#### Single side stable

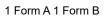
#### CAD

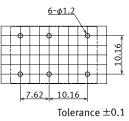




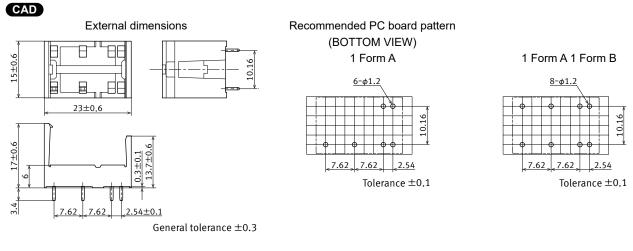
#### Recommended PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW) 1 Form A







#### 2 coil latching



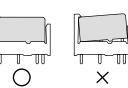
#### HANDLING

#### Mounting method of relay

1) Match the direction of relay and socket.

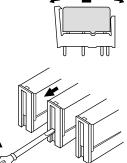


2) Both ends of relays are fixed so tightly that the socket hooks on the top surface of relays.



#### Removing method of relay

- 1) Remove the relay, applying force in the direction as shown in the figure.
- In case there is not enough space for finger to pick relay up, use screw drivers in the way as shown in the figure.



3) Exercise care when removing relays. If greater than necessary force is applied at the socket hooks, deformation may alter the dimensions so that the hook will no longer catch, and other damage may also occur. For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE". https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions\_use/index.jsp

#### Precautions for Coil Input

#### Long term current carrying

A circuit that will be carrying a current continuously for long periods without relay switching operation. (circuits for emergency lamps, alarm devices and error inspection that, for example, revert only during malfunction and output warnings with form B contacts) Continuous, long-term current to the coil will facilitate deterioration of coil insulation and characteristics due to heating of the coil itself. For circuits such as these, please use a magnetic-hold type latching relay. If you need to use a single stable relay, use a sealed type relay that is not easily affected by ambient conditions and make a failsafe circuit design that considers the possibility of contact failure or disconnection.

#### DC Coil operating power

Steady state DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

However, please check with the actual circuit since the electrical characteristics may vary. The rated coil voltage should be applied to the coil and the set/reset pulse time of latching type relay differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.

#### Coil connection

When connecting coils of polarized relays, please check coil polarity (+,-) at the internal connection diagram (Schematic). If any wrong connection is made, it may cause unexpected malfunction, like abnormal heat, fire and so on, and circuit do not work. Avoid impressing voltages to the set coil and reset coil at the same time.

#### Ambient Environment

#### Usage, Transport, and Storage Conditions

During usage, storage, or transportation, avoid locations subjected to direct sunlight and maintain normal temperature, humidity and pressure conditions.

#### Temperature/Humidity/Pressure

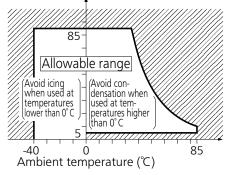
When transporting or storing relays while they are tube packaged, there are cases the temperature may differ from the allowable range. In this case be sure to check the individual specifications. Also allowable humidity level is influenced by temperature, please check charts shown below and use relays within mentioned conditions. (Allowable temperature values differ for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.)

#### 1) Temperature:

The tolerance temperature range differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications

- 2) Humidity: 5 to 85 % RH
- 3) Pressure: 86 to 106 kPa





#### Maximum allowable voltage and temperature rise

Proper usage requires that the rated coil voltage be impressed on the coil. Note, however, that if a voltage greater than or equal to the maximum continuous voltage is impressed on the coil, the coil may burn or its layers short due to the temperature rise. Furthermore, do not exceed the usable ambient temperature range listed in the catalog.

■ Operate voltage change due to coil temperature rise In DC relays, after continuous passage of current in the coil, if the current is turned OFF, then immediately turned ON again, due to the temperature rise in the coil, the operate voltage will become somewhat higher. Also, it will be the same as using it in a higher temperature atmosphere. The resistance/temperature relationship for copper wire is about 0.4% for 1°C, and with this ratio the coil resistance increases. That is, in order to operate of the relay, it is necessary that the voltage be higher than the operate voltage and the operate voltage rises in accordance with the increase in the resistance value. However, for some polarized relays, this rate of change is considerably smaller.

#### Dew condensation

Condensation occurs when the ambient temperature drops suddenly from a high temperature and humidity, or the relay is suddenly transferred from a low ambient temperature to a high temperature and humidity. Condensation causes the failures like insulation deterioration, wire disconnection and rust etc.

Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by condensation.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of device itself, and the condensation may occur.

Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage. (Special attention should be paid when high temperature heating parts are close to the device. Also please consider the condensation may occur inside of the device.)

#### lcing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on relays when the temperature become lower than 0°C. This icing causes the sticking of movable portion, the operation delay and the contact conduction failure etc. Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by the icing.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of relay itself and the icing may occur. Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage.

• Low temperature and low humidity The plastic becomes brittle if the switch is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

• High temperature and high humidity

Storage for extended periods of time (including transportation periods) at high temperature or high humidity levels or in atmospheres with organic gases or sulfide gases may cause a sulfide film or oxide film to form on the surfaces of the contacts and/ or it may interfere with the functions. Check out the atmosphere in which the units are to be stored and transported.

#### Package

In terms of the packing format used, make every effort to keep the effects of moisture, organic gases and sulfide gases to the absolute minimum.

#### Silicon

When a source of silicone substances (silicone rubber, silicone oil, silicone coating materials and silicone filling materials etc.) is used around the relay, the silicone gas (low molecular siloxane etc.) may be produced.

This silicone gas may penetrate into the inside of the relay. When the relay is kept and used in this condition, silicone compound may adhere to the relay contacts which may cause the contact failure. Do not use any sources of silicone gas around the relay (Including plastic seal types).

#### Others

#### Cleaning

 Although the environmentally sealed type relay (plastic sealed type, etc.) can be cleaned, avoid immersing the relay into cold liquid (such as cleaning solvent) immediately after soldering. Doing so may deteriorate the sealing performance.

#### NOx Generation

When relay is used in an atmosphere high in humidity to switch a load which easily produces an arc, the NOx created by the arc and the water absorbed from outside the relay combine to produce nitric acid.

This corrodes the internal metal parts and adversely affects operation.

Avoid use at an ambient humidity of 85%RH or higher (at 20°C). If use at high humidity is unavoidable, please contact our sales representative.

• Cleaning with the boiling method is recommended(The temperature of cleaning liquid should be 40°C or lower ).

Avoid ultrasonic cleaning on relays. Use of ultrasonic cleaning may cause breaks in the coil or slight sticking of the contacts due to ultrasonic energy.

Please refer to **"the latest product specifications"** when designing your product. •Requests to customers: https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/

Please contact .....

# Panasonic Corporation

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